

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.
Entered as Second-Class Matter at the
Post Office.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.	
Daily, per week, by carrier	25
Daily, per month, by mail	1.00
Daily, three months, by mail	2.50
Daily, six months, by mail	4.50
Daily, one year, by mail	7.50
Weekly, per month, by mail	25
Weekly, per quarter, by mail	75
Weekly, per six months, by mail	1.00
Weekly, per year, by mail	2.00

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

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Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19.

The galled jade winces. Poor beast.

The farce called the Zola trial is still dragging its weary length along.

To judge from the weather these days, it is plain that spring got mixed on her dates.

Sometimes a postage stamp is a dangerous thing to fool with, at least so thinks Mr. Dupuy de Lome.

SENATOR MARK HANNA is letting his enemies do the worrying, which shows that he is a statesman of the highest order.

MESSRS. JONES, TOWNE AND BUTLER, are in the business of issuing addresses and proclamations. Anything to keep before the people.

INDIANA REPUBLICANS want Ex-President Harrison to go to the senate in place of Senator Turpie. In this instance the Indiana Republicans show great, good sense.

A SOLDIER in Fort Sheridan is to be court martialled for getting hungry. Fort Sheridan's unenviable reputation does not seem to diminish. Too close to Chicago, you know.

A FRENCH cable is to be laid from Tahiti to Honolulu. This is notice to the United States. If this country does not take in the Hawaiian island, why France will. That's all.

The organization of Republican clubs throughout New Mexico can not commence any too soon. In union there is strength and so is there in organization. And the way to organize Republican clubs is to organize them.

THERE must be a great big screw loose in the sanctum of the New York Herald; that paper remarked the other day editorially: "Despotic we sometimes are because all the world is against us." What's up, anyway.

SHOULD it be necessary to act in the present complications with Spain, President McKinley can be depended on to act with vigor, energy and decision and in a manner that will uphold the dignity of this country. He is all right.

SHOULD it prove, that treachery was the cause of the destruction of the United States battleship Maine, the president will not stand upon the order of taking prompt action, but will act decisively and promptly at once. That's the kind of a president to have.

If the Pops should be beaten this year in Nebraska, the chances for the nomination so sought for by Mr. W. Jennings Bryan will dwindle very much. And still he may get the nomination even in that case. A prophet is not without honor, save in his own country.

The most sensible thing for Spain to do, is to withdraw her troops and officials slowly from Cuba and give the Cubans a chance to fight out their manifest destiny. But Spain will not do this. Spain is like some New Mexico politicians, it will not do the right thing at the proper time.

COLONEL EDWARD F. BROWN, of Aspen, Colo., who was at one time a resident of this city, has already offered his services and those of 150 men to be organized into a dynamite gun battery to the governor of Colorado, in case of war with Spain. Colonel Brown always was a fire eater, but there is good service in him yet.

If the Republicans of New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona will get together and elect delegates and Republican legislatures this fall, the chances for the admission of these three territories would increase amazingly. The Republicans in the three territories ought to get together. This is good advice and ought to be taken.

MAYOR McKISSON, of Cleveland, has filed a notice of contest for Senator Hanna's seat. The mayor is one of those men who, professing Republicanism, does everything possible to injure and hurt the Republican party, acts with Democrats whenever he can, and would, if a United States senator, vote with the Democrats and free silver men. McKISSON's efforts will be futile and indeed they meet with no recognition by honest and decent men of all parties.

THE NEW MEXICAN never loses an opportunity to say a good word for the educational institutions of the territory and to show the outside world that New Mexico is making vast strides ahead in educational matters. The New Mex-

ican has always been a strong advocate of free public education and is doing excellent work for that great cause right along.

The London Globe thus weeps and laments:

"The doctrine of free trade has flourished with England's prosperity, how would it stand the strain of adversity resulting from decline of trade? America now supplies electric railroad in London and railroad rails to British India, in spite of the sea freight round the world, and yet the states are under a protective tariff so searching that a corpse would be taxed if its clothes exceeded \$100 in value. The conversion of the world to free trade is not going to take place very early tomorrow morning."

THE French people have about as little appreciation of the duty of a jury as they have of proper parliamentary proceedings. During the progress of the Zola trial, one Drumont, who is a leader in the anti-semitic agitation, issued a proclamation, wherein he said: "The people of France rely upon the jury in the Zola case to deal harshly with the insulters of the French army." This statement is followed by a dire threat of what will happen should the jury acquit Mr. Zola. Such poodles, being leaders in Paris, of course a fair trial is almost impossible.

THE Transmississippi exhibition at Omaha this year will be a great affair. The people of New Mexico should take more interest in the preparation and sending of a creditable New Mexico exhibit to the exhibition. A good, comprehensive and well arranged exhibit of New Mexico products then and there cannot but prove of great benefit. The territorial bureau of immigration can aid very much by furnishing a big lot of literature concerning the great and inexhaustible resources of the territory for free distribution at Omaha. It is high time that some intelligent work were done in that direction.

CONCERNING the published report in the Denver News that Sheriff H. O. Bursum, of Socorro county, is a candidate for the appointment as superintendent of the territorial penitentiary, the Silver City Enterprise says:

"The Denver News had the foregoing special advice on Monday last. Their Santa Fe correspondent must have received a genuine fill from somebody fond of giving newspaper reporters. The Enterprise speaks authoritatively in saying that Mr. Bursum is not a candidate for the position of superintendent of the penitentiary, nor would he accept it if it were offered him."

Indian Education.

Recently two Indian girls at Carlisle confessed that they set fire to a school building there, because they were homesick. This is easily understood and while it was a criminal act, there is much to be said in defense of the young women. The policy of the government of taking Indian children away from home and educating them east is pernicious and bad. The whole system of Indian education in schools far away from where the Indian children were born is vicious. It is against Indian human nature. The Indian children born in New Mexico should be sent to school here, those in Arizona to school there and so on. The Kansas City Star remarks thus pertinently on this question:

"The Indian boy or girl, born, it may be, in a tepee, may go through the motions and acquire with labor and suffering the white man's lore in a school, but all the while the heart is in the highlands and when the long tutelage and confinement is over the student returns to the Indian country to be again in life and habits an Indian. This is not, as white people are apt to suppose, from mere wildness or obstinacy, but from the prompting of nature. A white boy of reasoning age, taken from a home in the midst of civilization to live in an Indian lodge would gladly return to the comforts of civilization, gas and electric lights and hot and cold water on every floor. The Indian native, in contrast, would faintly fly from the restraints of civilization, from what are comforts to white people, but useless and cumbersome burdens to him, to the freedom of the prairie and the woods, to the lordship of the pony and the canoe. Elizabeth Flanders and many English-born have been sentenced to one year and six months' imprisonment for trying to burn what was to them a prison. The scheme of redeeming man and glorifying God by making all the complexions, black, red, yellow and so on, learn to read, write and cipher like white folks is doubtless well intended, but it causes infinite suffering."

Some Facts About Hawaii.

What is the property of the Hawaiian Islands worth?—\$39,000,000. Who owns it?—America's own \$39,000,000 of it. Their commerce last year was \$23,000,000. We enjoyed 92 1/2 per cent of it. We carried in American ships last year 85 per cent of it. There cleared from Honolulu last year 191 American ships for our ports, and the same year they cleared from all Europe only 118 American ships. Why, that little island of Hawaii keeps our flag on the ocean today.—Senator Frye to the Manufacturers.

Strength to the Good Right Arm of the New Mexican.

The Santa Fe New Mexican is making it a terror for some of the tax collectors of the territory who are very slow either in collecting the taxes, or in remitting to the territorial treasurer. It is an undoubted fact that if the collectors in the various counties would make closer collections, which they are paid good money to do, and prompt remittances to the county and territorial treasurers, there would be less complaint of the financial condition of the public treasuries. It might also be added that if the county assessors did their duty a little better there would not be quite so much complaint of the financial condition of the collectors. Many of the county assessors, however, are working under difficulties. The counties are so large that it is a physical impossibility for them to view all the taxable property in the county within the time they are required to make their returns, and many of them have been in the habit of adding to the property they find all that their predecessors had on his book which they cannot find, and in this way much property that has gone out of existence is still recorded on the tax roll. The New Mexican is one of the few papers in the territory that is in the habit

of calling a spade a spade and it does not hesitate to expose these derelictions as fast as it finds them. Strength to the good right arm of the man who manipulates the New Mexican's typewriter.—Lordsburg Liberal.

The Political Situation in Grant.

There is a mistaken impression abroad through the territory that the Republican party in Grant county is broken up into factions and that bitter feuds exist which render it impossible to heal the breach in the party lines. This is decidedly an erroneous idea of the true state of affairs. One or two cut-throats would seek to have this impression prevail that they might personally benefit by it and these same parties try to keep members of the Republican party at variance with each other for their own vicious or personal ends. There are competitors for political favors, just as in every other county in the territory, but these men who compete for the party patronage are not personal enemies nor will they allow the bestowal of political favors to prejudice them to the detriment of the Republican party. On the day that the postoffice appointment in this city was announced, the writer saw the two leading candidates, who were defeated, together and heard them both laughing and good naturedly asserting that they had sought the appointment before the lady was in the race and that they would willingly have withdrawn in her favor, only that some might think they were showing the white feather. They both said that they were just as glad as if they had gained the position themselves. And they spoke earnestly. Now where is the bitter personal strife apparent? Who that has any manly instinct but will pursue his ambition to the end when the gauntlet is thrown down and he has once entered the lists? But there is nothing vindictive about this competition. The voice of the mischievous maker should be stifled and there will not be even a trace of disunion in the Republican party in Grant county.—Silver City Enterprise.

CHILDREN'S FASHIONS.

Pretty Garments to Be Worn by the Little People.

White, pink and blue are the colors preferred for little girls' party dresses. China and liberty silk, satin, tulle and even printed and striped taffeta are employed, although simpler and therefore more appropriate frocks are made of fine cashmere and henrietta, thin silk and wool crepon and velvet. Dresses of exquisitely embroidered white nainsook never go out of fashion for little girls and may be worn over white or colored slips, warm flannel garments being placed beneath to insure sufficient protection against a chill.

Ottoman silk and velvet are also used for children's gowns, but these materials are rather too rich and mature to show off a child's beauty to the best advantage.

Very little boys, say 8 years old, are clothed in the same goods as are used for little girls, but the style is much simpler and plainer, a double breasted, belted tunic



CHILD'S COAT.
or a little kit suit being preferred to anything more fanciful. Wide collars and cuffs of guipure or nainsook embroidery and lace form the principal decoration. For very young girls, not yet in full length dresses, evening gowns of mousseline de sole over tulle are favorites. The mousseline may be accented plaited or simply gathered. Bretteles are an appropriate trimming, and shoulder knots are being revived. Sash belts of wide ribbon or soft silk are again worn.

An illustration is given of a pretty little coat for a child of 3 or 4 years. It is of blue cashmere and is mounted in two box plaits, back and front, on a yoke of gray astrakhan, which is surrounded by a border of chinilla. The sleeves have chinilla bands at the wrists. The belt of blue satin passes under the plaits and ties in front.

A Valuable Household Specific.

There is no more valuable household specific than powdered borax. In case of a burn, a cloth wet in borax and water is the most soothing application. It is excellent for a cankered mouth. It is invaluable as a gargle in case of sore throat.

A little dissolved on the tongue will relieve a cough. It is excellent as a wash for the hair, not only for cleaning the scalp, but also for strengthening the roots of the hair after a fever and preventing its falling out. It is excellent to put in the bath water, and it is an absolute remedy for cockroaches and other insects if sprinkled dry about shelves and crevices.

In These Days.

The Rev. Mr. Sopo—My dear brother, don't you think you ought to attend my church more regularly?

Von Blumer—My dear sir, you forget that we are not of the same political faith.

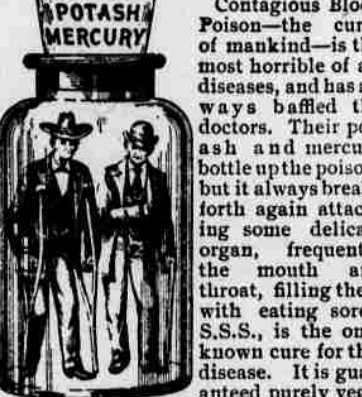
Thin in flesh? Perhaps it's natural. If perfectly well, this is probably the case. But many are suffering from frequent colds, nervous debility, pallor, and a hundred aches and pains, simply because they are not fleshy enough. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites strengthens the digestion, gives new force to the nerves, and makes rich, red blood. It is a food in itself.

See and know, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Bottled Up!

Whether in the form of pill powder or liquid, the doctor's prescription for blood diseases is always the same—mercury or potash. These drugs bottle up the poison and dry it up in the system, but they also dry up the marrow in the bones at the same time.

The suppleness and elasticity of the joints give way to a stiffness, the racking pains of rheumatism. The form gradually bends, the bones ache, while decrepitude and helplessness prematurely take possession of the body, and it is but a short step to a pair of crutches. Then comes falling of the hair and decay of the bones,—a condition truly horrible.



Contagious Blood Poison—the curse of mankind—is the most horrible of all diseases, and has always baffled the doctors. Their potash and mercury bottle up the poison, but it always breaks forth again attacking some delicate organ, frequently the mouth and throat, filling them with eating sores. S.S.S. is the only known cure for this disease. Its guaranteed purely vegetable, and one thousand dollars reward is offered for proof to the contrary. It never fails to cure Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Cancer, or any other disease of the blood. If you have a blood disease, take a remedy which will not injure you. Beware of mercury; don't do violence to your system. Don't get bottled up! Our book sent free to any address. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

EVENING TOILETS.

General Hint Concerning the Newest Ball and Reception Costumes.

The ruffles of tulle, mousseline de sole or tulle which are a favorite trimming for evening gowns are plainly hemmed, bordered with a band of narrow silk or velvet ribbon, edged with lace or finished by a tiny ruche of ribbon or mousseline, the ruche being the newest and most fragile adornment. This fine ruche is also seen as an edge about the long slash ends of wide ribbon worn on evening costumes and toilets of ceremony.

Few absolutely plain and untrilled skirts are seen for ball gowns. Where thin, transparent material is used it is gathered all around the waist, and often is also ornamented by ruffles, bands or lace. When the skirt is of satin, tulle or similar materials and is fitted at the top, it is almost always decorated more or less elaborately. Bottles are made in conformity with the style of the wearer and the material used.



RECEPTION GOWNS.
Generally speaking, draperies across the breast and around the shoulders, berths, full ruffles, with epaulettes of ribbon tied in bows and trimmings having a fluffy effect, are preferred.

The décolletage this winter is not extreme, as a rule. The shoulder is entirely uncovered. The bodice should not be cut lower at the back than in front unless it is carried down in a point almost to the waist, a style which is not, of course, permitted for young girls.

The illustration shows a reception costume having an accordion plaited skirt of mauve mousseline de sole over mauve satin. The accordion plaited bodice is trimmed with a box of lace and a large lace cravat. The shirred sleeves have plaited caps. The draped collar is of gold tulle, as is the scarf belt which is tied at the side.

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Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M. J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, H. P. ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX. FROST, E. C. ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows hall. SIG. LEWIS, N. G. H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall; visiting patriots welcome. THOS. A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE No. 9, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall; visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THIRERA NEWALL, Noble Grand. HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZTEAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening at Odd Fellows hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. NATE GOLDROP, N. G. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

K. O. F. P.

SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F. P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. H. B. BOWLER, C. C. LEE MUEHLSTEIN, K. of R. & S.

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E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 17, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

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